DRAWING

Overview - Drawing is an advanced visual arts class that focuses on improving a student's drawing skills. Students are not expected to have any particular skill or experience in drawing, only a desire and willingness to become more proficient at drawing and producing increasingly competent visual solutions. Students will learn employ various 'keys' that help them focus on the process of drawing rather than the product and so they can tackle any drawing task. Students will discover that good drawing is not magic but a skill that is relatively easily learned and can be used in a variety of ways to create interesting compositions or communicate important ideas. The class will use both graphite and ink to instruct students in a variety of techniques including contour line, light/shadow, perspective, life drawing, high contrast drawing, grid drawing, and non-objective drawing. Students will practice evaluating their own work and will analyze the work of famous artists to better understand the creative process.

Rationale - We all are involved with images on a daily basis. We see pictures and drawings all the time that are designed to inform or inspire us. The process of image making should not be the domain of some "secret society" of artists. We all can, and should, be able to make competent images for ourself and others.

The act of image making in its most basic form is called drawing. Drawing is used in business, medicine, building, manufacturing, government, education and marketing to communicate information, express ideas, and inspire action. Without warning we can be quickly be thrust into a situation that expects us to draw an image that communicate to others. It is of benefit to us to feel comfortable and confident when that task presents itself.

However, many people say: "I can't draw!" But that is why one would take a drawing class: to become more proficient, so that the marks one makes on paper consistently represent the things they intend them to. Drawing is a skill that is easily taught and learned; and with a little practice, mastered. This introduction to drawing emphasizes the skill of drawing, not just its application to the production of "Art". Drawing may be fundamental to expressing as an artist, but the process of drawing itself is so much easier, and so much broader than the production of "art".

Grades: 9-12	Duration: 1 Trimester - 1 Credit	Prerequisites : Design
Topics of Study:	The Psychological Roots of Drawing	1 week
	Contour Drawing	6 weeks
	Light and Shadow	8 weeks
	Drawing from One's Imagination	1 week
	Drawing from Pictures	2 weeks

1 week

VISUAL ARTS DEPARTMENT

Course Title: Drawing

Topic of Study: Psychological Roots of Drawing Time: about 1 week (non-contiguous) Grade Level: 9-12

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Standards & Benchmarks	Essential Questions and	Key Concepts	Activities and Projects	Resources
	Learning Targets	Vocabulary	Evidence of Understanding	
skills to the creative problem solving process. ART.VA.I.HS.2 Intentionally use art materials and tools when applying techniques and skills to communicate ideas.ART.VA.II.HS.1 Identify, define problems, and reflect upon possible visual solutions.ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of one's artwork. (21st Century Skills: I.3, II.1, III.4) ART.VA.III.HS.5 Recognize and	How do we learn? How has public school influenced the way that we see the world? What is the act of drawing? What is the process of drawing? What are the purposes of drawings? How can we become better at drawing?	Contour Weight of Line Center of Mass Proportion Gesture High Contrast Value	Demonstrate the process of drawing and seeing assessed through written test and final projects. Demonstrate a complete understanding the Keys to Drawing Produce Inverted drawings Produce Blind Contour Drawings Demonstrate the ability to see trapped shapes Demonstrate the ability to quickly capture a "gesture" on paper Demonstrate the ability to adjust ones approach when confronted with a drawing problem.	Betty Edwards: Drawing on the Right Side of the Brain Bert Dodson: Keys to Drawing 80# drawing paper Turquoise brand or similar graded drawing pencils: minimally an H, B, and 4B Magic Rub or similar white plastic eraser

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Course Title: Drawing

Topic of Study: Contour Drawing

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Time: about 6 weeks (non-contiguous)

Grade Level: 9-12

Standards & Benchmarks	Essential Questions and	Key Concepts	Activities and Projects	Resources
	Learning Targets	Vocabulary	Evidence of Understanding	
 ART.VA.I.HS.1 Apply acquired knowledge and skills to the creative problem solving process. ART.VA.I.HS.2 Intentionally use art materials and tools when applying techniques and skills to communicate ideas. ART.VA.I.HS.5 Responsibly and safely manage materials and tools. ART.VA.II.HS.1 Identify, define problems, and reflect upon possible visual solutions. ART.VA.II.HS.5 Reflect, articulate, and edit the development of artwork throughout the creative process. ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of one's artwork. ART.VA.III.HS.3 Critically observe a work of art to evaluate and respond to the artist's intent using art vocabulary and terminology. ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of one's artwork. 	Can one carefully observe an object and identify the edges, lines, and boundaries of that object? Can the student transfer the lines and angles they have observed to the paper? Can the student compare their drawing to objects in the world to refine their effort? Can students carefully observe and evaluate the accuracy of drawings?	Contour Edges Lines Boundaries Angles Weight of Line Proportion Gesture	Students will satisfactorily produce contour line drawings of various subjects. Students will demonstrate growth in their ability to see and render their subjects from life. Students will demonstrate Improved "gesture drawings". Demonstrate the ability to adjust one's approach to drawing when confronted with a visual problem. Students will demonstrate the ability to see, make comparisons, and 'scale' objects they in space to create a realistic sense of depth Students will evaluate their work in writing.	80# drawing paper Turquoise brand or similar graded drawing pencils: minimally an H, B, and 4B Magic Rub or similar white plastic eraser students to pose for a drawing portable drawing surfaces

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Course Title: Drawing

Topic of Study: Light and Shadow Time: about 6 weeks (non-contiguous)

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Grade Level: 9-12

Standards & Benchmarks	Essential Questions and	Key Vocabulary	Activities and Projects	Resources
	Learning Targets	and Concepts	Evidence of Understanding	
 ART.VA.I.HS.1 Apply acquired knowledge and skills to the creative problem solving process. ART.VA.I.HS.2 Intentionally use art materials and tools when applying techniques and skills to communicate ideas. ART.VA.I.HS.5 Responsibly and safely manage materials and tools. ART.VA.II.HS.1 Identify, define problems, and reflect upon possible visual solutions. ART.VA.II.HS.5 Reflect, articulate, and edit the development of artwork throughout the creative process. ART.VA.III.HS.3 Critically observe a work of art to evaluate and respond to the artist's intent using art vocabulary and terminology. ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of one's artwork. 	 Seeing and quantifying Light and Shadow (L/S). Can one carefully observe an object and identify the edges, lines, boundaries, shadows, and values of that object? Can the student transfer the lines, angles, and shadows they have observed to the paper? Can students discern and render shadows, cast shadows and highlights? Can the student make the L/S shift and compare their drawing to objects in the world to refine their effort? Can students carefully observe and evaluate the accuracy of drawings? 	Light Shadow L/S shift Core Shadow Cast Shadow Highlight Tone Values Texture Contour Edges Boundaries Angles Weight of Line Proportion Fixative Blending Stump Stippling	Satisfactorily produce drawings of various subjects that accurately recreate the effects of the light and shadow. Students will demonstrate growth in their ability to see and render their subjects sensitively. Produce shadow mapped drawings Produce high contrast drawings Produce Crosshatch Drawings Produce continuous tone drawings Use white pigmented pencils to add highlights to objects drawing on toned paper Demonstrate the ability to adjust one's approach to drawing when confronted with a visual problem. Students will evaluate their work in writing	80# drawing paper: white and gray Turquoise brand or similar graded drawing pencils: minimally an H, B, and 4B white pencils extra fine point permanent markers Magic Rub or similar white plastic eraser blending stumps fixative

VISUAL ARTS DEPARTMENT

Topic of Study: Drawing from One's Imagination Time: about 1 week (non-contiguous)

Grade Level: 9-12

Standards & Benchmarks	Essential Questions and Learning Targets	Key Vocabulary and Concepts	Activities and Projects Evidence of Understanding	Resources
 ART.VA.I.HS.1 Apply acquired knowledge and skills to the creative problem solving process. ART.VA.I.HS.2 Intentionally use art materials and tools when applying techniques and skills to communicate ideas. ART.VA.I.HS.5 Responsibly and safely manage materials and tools. ART.VA.II.HS.1 Identify, define problems, and reflect upon possible visual solutions. ART.VA.II.HS.2 Create artwork using materials and techniques with skill so that personal intentions are carried out. ART.VA.II.HS.3 Apply organizational principles and methods to create innovative works of art and design products. ART.VA.II.HS.4 Apply knowledge and skill to symbolize the essence of an idea. ART.VA.II.HS.5 Reflect, articulate, and edit the development of artwork throughout the creative process. ART.VA.II.HS.2 Describe how organizational principles are used to elicit emotional responses. ART.VA.III.HS.3 Critically observe a work of art to evaluate and respond to the artist's intent using art vocabulary and terminology. ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of one's artwork. 	Can the student draw freely without overt concern for image to create an interesting composition with line? Can the student overcome personal prejudice and expectations in the creative process? Can the student use drawing as a medium to communicate concepts or ideas to viewers? Can students carefully observe and evaluate the accuracy of drawings?	Lines Values Shapes Edges Boundaries Weight of Line	Students will satisfactorily produce drawings that are free from subject or object. Students will demonstrate the ability to communicate concepts or ideas related to global issues. Demonstrate the ability to adjust one's approach to drawing when confronted with a visual problem. Students will be able to evaluate their work in writing and justify the concepts that they have explored.	80# white drawing paper Turquoise brand or similar graded drawing pencils: minimally an H, B, and 4B black extra fine point permanent marker Magic Rub or similar white plastic eraser straight edge/scale fixative

VISUAL ARTS DEPARTMENT

Course Title: Drawing

Topic of Study: Drawing from Pictures Time: about 2 weeks (non-contiguous)

Grade Level: 9-12

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Standards & Benchmarks	Essential Questions and	Key Vocabulary	Activities and Projects	Resources
	Learning Targets	and Concepts	Evidence of Understanding	
 ART.VA.I.HS.1 Apply acquired knowledge and skills to the creative problem solving process. ART.VA.I.HS.2 Intentionally use art materials and tools when applying techniques and skills to communicate ideas. ART.VA.I.HS.5 Responsibly and safely manage materials and tools. ART.VA.II.HS.1 Identify, define problems, and reflect upon possible visual solutions. ART.VA.II.HS.5 Reflect, articulate, and edit the development of artwork throughout the creative process. ART.VA.III.HS.3 Critically observe a work of art to evaluate and respond to the artist's intent using art vocabulary and terminology. ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of one's artwork. 	Can the student carefully observe a picture or photograph and identify the edges, lines, boundaries, shadows, and values of that object? Can the student transfer the lines, angles, and shadows they have observed to the paper? Can the student make use of a grid to accurately guide their drawing process? Can the student change the size or scale of their subject? Can students carefully observe and evaluate the accuracy of drawings?	Lines Values Shapes Edges Scaling Guidelines Source Grid Target Grid Boundaries Angles Weight of Line Proportion	Satisfactorily produce drawings of various subjects that accurately recreate the subject. Demonstrate the ability to use a grid technique to render a new drawing of a two dimensional subject. Produce high contrast drawings Produce Crosshatch Drawings Demonstrate the ability to adjust one's approach to drawing when confronted with a visual problem. Students will be able evaluate their work in writing	80# White drawing paper Turquoise brand or similar graded drawing pencils: minimally an H, B, and 4B black extra fine point permanent marker Magic Rub or similar white plastic eraser t- square triangle straight edge/scale fixative

VISUAL ARTS DEPARTMENT

Course Title: Drawing

Topic of Study: Artists, Designers and What They Do Time: About 1 week (non-contiguous) Grade Level: 9-12 Page 6 of 6

Key Vocabulary Standards & Benchmarks Essential Questions and Activities and Projects Resources Learning Targets and Concepts Evidence of Understanding ART.VA.III.HS.1 Analyze and describe the formal Students will be assessed on their ability What is the Job of an artist or Media books characteristics of a work of art or design. designer? Gothic to create a coherent and well written internet sources

ADT VA III IIC 2 Describe how encoder the state		Renaissance	narrative about the life's work of a	
ART.VA.III.HS.2 Describe how organizational principles				museums
are used to elicit emotional responses.	How does the work of artists or	Mannerism	notable artist and to share that narrative	
ART.VA.III.HS.3 Critically observe a work of art to	designers change over time?	Baroque	orally with other students.	
evaluate and respond to the artist's intent using art		Impressionism		
vocabulary and terminology.	How is the work of artists or	Post-Impressionism	Students will be assessed on how well	
ART.VA.III.HS.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness	designers influenced by their	Cubism	they can identify the intention and	
of one's artwork.	culture?	Modern	stylistic qualities of an artists and apply	
ART.VA.III.HS.5 Recognize and understand the		Post Modern	those qualities to a project of their own.	
relationships between personal experiences and the	How does the body of work	MId-Century Modern		
development of artwork.	produced by an artist change		Orally or in writing students will be able	
	over time?		to demonstrate an understanding of the	
ART.VA.IV.HS.1 Observe and describe artwork with			role of artists and designers in a society.	
respect to history and culture.	What represents the best work of			
ART.VA.IV.HS.2 Describe the functions and explore the	an artist?		Orally or in writing students will be able	
meaning of specific art objects within varied cultures,			to identify a broad variety of career	
times, and places.	How do artists communicate		opportunities associated with and	
ART.VA.IV.HS.3 Analyze the correlation between art,	their idea?		involving the arts	
history, and culture throughout time.			-	
ART.VA.V.HS.1 Design creative solutions that impact				
everyday life.				
ART.VA.V.HS.2 Explore and understand the variety of				
art and design careers.				
ART.VA.V.HS.3 Explore and understand the application				
of the creative process throughout career pathways.				
ART.VA.V.HS.4 Identify commonalities, differences,				
and connections between the art disciplines.				
ART.VA.V.HS.5 Recognize the role of art across the				
academic curriculum.				
ART.VA.V.HS.7 Analyze the impact of visual culture on				
society.				
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